University Hospitals of Leicester **NHS** NHS Trust

Trust Board Paper P

То:	Trust Board
From:	Chief Executive
Date:	28 August 2014
CQC regulation:	Not applicable to this paper

From:		Chief Executi	ve								
Date:		28 August 20									
CQC											
	regulation:										
Title:		Blood Transiu	sion Lar	oor	atory information Sy	stem	(BI-LIMS)				
Author/Responsible Director: Chief Executive											
Purpos	e of t	: he Report: To s	eek appro	ova	I for the procurement of	an MH	RA compliant Blood				
Purpose of the Report: To seek approval for the procurement of an MHRA compliant Blood Transfusion laboratory computer system.											
The Rep	port i	s provided to the	ne Board	d fo	or:		-				
	Dec	cision	√		Discussion						
	Ass	urance			Endorsement]				
Summa	rv / k	(ev Points: The	existing h	aloo	nd transfusion laboratory	compi	iter system is outdated				
and non-	Summary / Key Points: The existing blood transfusion laboratory computer system is outdated and non-compliant with the MHRA regulatory requirements. This paper outlines the case of need for										
a replacement laboratory information system and presents a summary of option appraisal. Recommendations: To procure the Clinisys Winpath laboratory information system for blood											
		rvice at UHL.		11113	ys willpatil laboratory in	IIOIIIIai	ion system for blood				
			nother co	orp	orate UHL Committe	e?					
The busi	ness	case was approve	ed by the l	UĤ	L Capital Group on 27 th	June 2	014.				
Board A	Assu	rance Framewo	rk: The b	ousi	ness case has had the	Perf	ormance KPIs year to				
initial approval from the director of finance and the recommended				date: All applicable KPI's will							
option and procurement route sat			itisfies the requirements of		be specified within the service						
		overnance.	Tinonoio		ID). The present door a		act with the supplier.				
					-year contract will be off		ire a capital investment.				
			•		•	•					
empath IT procurement plan subject to final approval of the empath business case. There are no HR implications.											
Assura	nce I	mplications: Th	e recomm	nen	ded system, Clinisys-Wi	npath,	is fully compliant with the				
MHRA regulatory requirements.											
Patient and Public Involvement (PPI) Implications:											
None. The system is clinically and technically evaluated.											
Stakeholder Engagement Implications: All stakeholders including emPath board, emPath											
executive team and IT procurement team, CSI CMG, UHL IM&T / IBM, UHL procurement team and											
UHL capital group have been fully involved.											
Equality Impact:											
Not applicable to this paper.											
Informa	tion	exempt from Di	sclosur	e:							
No exemption.											
Requirement for further review?											

None

1. Project Background

Blood Transfusion Services in the UK must comply with Blood Safety and Quality Regulations 2005 (BSQR 2005, Statutory Instrument 50). In the UK, the Medicines and Healthcare products Regulatory Agency (MHRA) enforce full compliance with this legislation through regular inspections. The MHRA have the authority, under articles 11,14,18 and 19 of BSQR 2005, SI 50, to prosecute individuals responsible for failure to comply, as well as serve hospitals / blood transfusion services with legal enforcement notices, including an eventual 'cease and desist' notice.

At their last inspection of UHL blood transfusion service in February 2014, the MHRA highlighted a number of non-conformities, including the current blood transfusion laboratory system being non-compliant with regulatory requirements.

Following the inspection, a comprehensive action plan was drawn up, including the procurement of a fully compliant Blood Transfusion Laboratory Information system (BT-LIMS).

2. Project outline

The project will require a maximum revenue expenditure of approximately £1.6m over 5 years, as detailed below.

	Year 1	Year 2	Year 3	Year 4	Year 5	Total
Total	240,921,83	333,477.17	333,624.88	333,780.35	333,947.82	1,575,752.04
Cost						

No capital is requested and there is no impact on estates. IM&T support would be required to implement the hosted service and to maintain desktop support as currently provided. Implementation support will be required from empath (Nottingham University Hospital and University Hospitals of Leicester Pathology IT teams).

The revenue will purchase a stand-alone, hosted, LIMS service for Blood Transfusion. The supplier of this solution will be emPath's preferred supplier for a definitive pan-pathology LIMS solution. The strategic Outline Business Case (OBC) for the pan-pathology solution has already been approved by the Trust and the Full Business Case (FBC) is scheduled to go through the approvals process shortly. In the event of the FBC being approved by October 2014, the full cost of this stand-alone BT solution will be offset by the main contract. The additional cost (over and above the strategic solution) and financial risk is therefore very likely to be only that arising from an extended period of double running of systems rather than any substantial additional committed expenditure.

In the unlikely event of Full Business Case approval for the strategic solution not being achieved, then a compliant LIMS would still be required by the Trust and similar expenditure would still incur.

3. Summary of Option Appraisal

The option appraisal involved full consideration of six possible options, as it is not possible to "do nothing" and continue to operate as a licensed blood establishment. The options are:

- 1) Present MHRA with a plan to carry on with present manual checking solution.
- 2) Revert to Serological matching for all patients.
- 3) Modification of Existing BAPEX system for compliance.
- 4) Roll out v5 of the preferred LIMS from Nottingham University Hospital
- 5) Introduce a stand-alone BT solution
- 6) Proceed with the original plan of early roll out of blood transfusion component of the empath pan-pathology IT solution.

Options 1 to 5 are discounted as inappropriate, not cost effective or not deliverable.

Option 6 is being presented as the preferred solution, which would be fully compliant with the MHRA, and in line with the overall emPath IT strategy.

4. Recommendation & Benefits of Decision

4.1: Preferred Option (No 6).

Option 6 offers an MHRA compliant solution that could be procured and implemented in the required timeframe. However, the contract period would only make it financially viable if the procurement of a stand-alone system could be linked to the strategic direction i.e., bringing forward components of full emPath IT programme, with reuse of the resource such that much of the cost of initial implementation would be offset when full emPath IT solution is subsequently implemented.

4.2: Recommendation:

Based on the above, on behalf of the project steering group, I make the following recommendations to the board:

 Proceed with the procurement of Clinisys-Winpath LIMS for blood transfusion service at UHL.

4.2: Benefits of Decision:

- The preferred solution will achieve compliance with the MHRA regulations (BSQR 2005).
- This solution is deliverable within the tight timeframe required by the MHRA.
- Since this option essentially brings forward a component of the preferred empath IT solution, the initial revenue cost will be subsequently offset against the cost of full emPath IT project.